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	PHYSICS					
	Single Correct Answer Type					
1.	1. A tangent galvanometer is connected directly to an ideal battery. If the number of turns in the coil is doubled, the deflective will					
	a) Increase		b) Decrease			
	c) Remain unchanged		d) Either increase	or decrease		
2.	From a point source, if ampl	litude of waves at a dist	ance <i>r</i> is A, its amplitude at a	distance 2 <i>r</i> will be		
	a) <i>A</i>	b) 2 <i>A</i>	c) <i>A</i> /2d)	A/4		
3.	A point source of electromagnetic radiation has an average power output of 800 W. The maximum value of electric filed a a distance 4.0 m from the source is					
	a) 64.7 Vm <sup>-1</sup>	b) 57.8 Vm <sup>-1</sup>	c) 56.72 Vm <sup>-1</sup>	d) 54.77 Vm <sup>-1</sup>		
4.	An ideal gas at 27°C is comp	pressed adiabatically to	$\frac{8}{2}$ of its original volume. If $\gamma$	$=\frac{5}{-1}$ , then the rise in temperature is		
	a) 450 <i>K</i>	b) 375 <i>K</i>	c) 225 K	d) 405 <i>K</i>		
5.	In an AC circuit the instanta	neous values of emf and	l current are - 200 sin 300 <i>t</i> volt			
an	$d = i - 2 \sin(300t)$	$(\pm \frac{\pi}{2})$ amp	- 200 311 300 t voit			
Th	$t = 2 \sin (300t)$	$\frac{1}{3}$ jump.				
1 11	a) 200	b) 100	c) 50	d) 400		
6.	The charge $q$ is projected in	to a uniform electric fie	ld <i>E</i> , work done when it mov	es a distance Y is		
	a) <i>qEY</i>	b) $\frac{qY}{E}$	c) $\frac{qE}{Y}$	d) $\frac{Y}{qE}$		
7.	Which of the following is no	t equal to 1 in Boolean	algebra?			
	a) $\overline{A \cdot \overline{A}}$ b)	$A \cdot \overline{A}$ c) $A +$	$\overline{A}$ d) $A+1$			
8.	An iron bar of length <i>L</i> , cros	s-section A and Young's	s modulus <i>Y</i> is pulled by a fore	ce $F$ from both ends so as to produce an		
	a) $l \propto Y$	b) $l \propto l/A$	c) $l \propto A$	d) $l \propto l/L$		
9.	A boggy of uniformly movin covered by the boggy and di a) Both will be equal	g train is suddenly deta istance covered by the t	nched from train and stops aft rain in the same time has rela b) First will be hal	er covering some distance. The distance ation f of second		
	c) First will be 1/4 of second d) No definite ratio					
10.	<ul> <li>A liquid is kept in a cylindrical vessel which is rotated along its axis. The liquid rises at the sides (figure). If the radius of the vessel is 0.05 m and the sped of rotation is 2 rad s<sup>-1</sup>, find the difference in the height of the liquid at the centre of the vessel and its sides</li> </ul>					
	a) 20 cm	h) 4 cm	c) 2 cm	d) 0.2 cm		
1	aj 20 cm	0J 4 CIII	cj z cm	uj 0.2 cm		

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11.	A nucleus $\coprod_{Z}^{A}X$ has mass represented by $M(A, Z)$ . If $M_P$ and $M_n$ denote the mass of proton and neutron respectively and the binding energy in $MeV$ then				
	a) $B, E = [M(A, Z)]$	$-ZM_{\rm P} - (A - Z)M_{\rm m}]C^2$	b) $B_{1}E_{2} = [ZM_{P} +$	$(A-Z)M_n - M(A,Z)C^2$	
	c) $B.E. = [ZM_P + A]$	$AM_n - M(A.Z)]C^2$	d) $B.E. = M(A,Z)$	$-ZM_P - (A - Z)M_n$	
12.	The wavelength of the spectral line in the Bal	first spectral line in the Balmer mer series of singly ionized heli	series of hydrogen atom is um atom is	s 6561 Å. The wavelength of the second	
	a) 1215 Å	b) 1640 Å	c) 2430 Å	d) 4687 Å	
13.	A diffraction pattern is a) No change	s obtained using a beam of red li	ght. What happens if the re	ed light is replaced by blue light	
	b) Diffraction band	s become narrower and crow	ded together		
	d) Bands disappear	altogether			
14	Which of the following	g quantity is expressed as force r	per unit area		
	a) Work	b) Pressure	c) Volume	d) Area	
15.	A metal ball immersed that water. Then	l in water weights $w_1$ at 0°C and $v$	$v_2$ at 50°C. The coefficient c	of cubical expansion of metal is less than	
	a) w <sub>1</sub> < w <sub>2</sub>	b) $w_1 > w_2$	c) $w_1 = w_2$	d) Data is not sufficient	
16 17.	A body of mass 4 k the spring is short a) 6.3 cm b The potential difference	g hangs from a spring and ented by b) 0.63 cm c) ce between A and B in the follow	oscillates with a perio 6.25 cm d) <sub>v</sub> ing figure is	d 0.5 s on the removel of the body, 6.3 cm	
2 🗚	$2 \xrightarrow{12 \vee 4 \vee} 4 \vee 4 \vee$				
	a) 32 V	b) 48 V	c) 24 V	d) 14 V	
18.	A piece of glass is heat following property of	ed to a high temperature and th glass	en allowed to cool. If it cra	cks, a probable reason for this is the	
	<ul><li>a) Low thermal conductivity</li><li>c) High specific heat</li></ul>		b) High thermal conductivity		
			d) High melting point		
	<b>19.</b> Current <i>i</i> is carried in a wire of length <i>L</i> . If the wire is turned into a circular coil, the maximum magnitude of t in a given magnetic field <i>B</i> will be				
	a) $\frac{LiB^2}{2}$	b) $\frac{Li^2B}{2}$	C) $\frac{L^2 iB}{4\pi}$	d) $\frac{Li^2B}{4\pi}$	
20.	A boy of mass $40 kg$ is pole is 0.8 and $g = 10$ a) $300 N$ b	c climbing a vertical pole at a cor $m/s^2$ , the horizontal force that b) 400 N c) 500 N	nstant speed. If the coefficient speed. If the coefficient he is applying on the pole is d) 600 N	ent of friction between his palms and the is	

#### Integer Answer Type

**21.** A freshly prepared sample of a radioisotope of half-life 1386s has activity 10<sup>3</sup> disintegrations per second. Given that In2 = 0.693, the fraction of the initial number of nuclei (expressed in nearest integer percentage) that will decay in the first 80s after preparation of the sample is

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**22.** An infinitely long uniform line charge distribution of charge per unit length  $\lambda$  lies parallel to the *y*-axis in the *y*-*z* plane at  $z = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a$  (see figure). If the magnitude of the flux of the electric field through the rectangular surface *ABCD* lying in the *x*-*y* plane with its centre at the origin is  $\frac{\lambda L}{n\varepsilon_0}$  ( $\varepsilon_0$  = permittivity of free space), then the value of *n* is



**23.** A bead is free to slide down on a smooth wire rightly stretched between points *A* and *B* on a vertical circle of radius 10 m. Find the time taken by the bead to reach point *B*, if the bead slides from rest from the highest point on the circle *A* 



**24.** In figure, there are two sliders and they can slide on two frictionless parallel wires in uniform magnetic filed *B*, which is present everywhere. The mass of each slider is *m*, resistance *R* and initially these are at rest. Now, if one slider is given a velocity  $v_0 = 16$  m/s, what will be the velocity (in m/s) of other slider after long time. (neglect the self-induction)



- **25.** A light inextensible thread is wound round a solid cylindrical reel of mass m = 1.5 kg and radius 10 CM. The end of the string is held fixed and the reel is allowed to fall so that the thread unwinds. If the axis of the reel remains horizontal the tension in the thread will be T = '' N. What is the value of '\*'
- 26. Three forces are acting at a point as shown in figure.



All forces are acting in a plane. Find the magnitude of resultant of these forces.

- 27. Two wires are vibrating together to produce 10 beats/sec. Frequency of one wire is 200Hz. When tension in this wire is increased beat frequency remains unchanged. Frequency (in Hz) of other wire minus 206 Hz is equal to.
- 28. A disc of mass M & radius R is placed a rough horizontal surface with its axis horizontal. A light rod of length '2R' is fixed to the disc at point 'A' as shown in figure and a force  $\frac{3}{2}$  Mg is applied at the other end. If disc starts to roll without slipping find the value of

" $10 \times \mu_{min}$ " where  $\mu_{min}$  is minimum coefficient of friction b/w disc & horizontal surface required for pure rolling-



- 29. A convex lens A of focal length 20 cm and a concave lens B of focal length 10 cm are kept along the same axis with a distance d between them. If a parallel beam of light incident on A leaves B as a parallel beam then the value of d is ...... × 10 cm.
- **30.** Image produced by a concave mirror is one quarter the size of the object. If the object is moved b = 5 cm closer to the mirror the image will only be half the size of the object. Focal length of the mirror is  $\dots \times 10^{-1}$  cm.

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		CHEN	MISTRY			
		Single Corre	ect Answer Type			
1.	The increasing order of the i	onic radii of the given isoelec	tronic species is:			
	a) S <sup>2–</sup> , Cl <sup>–</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup>	b) Ca <sup>2+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> , S <sup>2–</sup>	c) K <sup>+</sup> , S <sup>2–</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Cl <sup>–</sup>	d) Cl <sup>-</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> , S <sup>2-</sup>		
2.	In which of the following po	lymers, empirical formula res	embles with monomer?			
	a) Bakelite	b) Teflon	c) Nylon-6,6	d) Dacron		
<b>3.</b> Choose the correct statement						
	a) Saccharin is 650 times	s sweeter than sugar	b) Aspartame is 550 times sweeter than sugar			
	c) Sucralose is 160 times	c) Sucralose is 160 times sweeter than sugar		d) Alitame is 2000 times sweeter than sugar		
4.	Which of the following have highest melting points?					
	a) <i>p</i> -block elements	b) <i>s</i> - block elements	c) <i>d</i> -block elements	d) None of the above		
	5. The H-O-H angle in	water molecule is about				
	a) 105°	b) 102°	c) 180°	d) 90°		
6.	The density of gold is 19 g/c	m <sup>3</sup> . If $1.9 \times 10^{-4}$ g of gold is d	ispersed in 1 L of water to give	e a sol having spherical gold		
	particles of radius 10 nm, th	en the number of gold particl	es per mm <sup>3</sup> of the sol will be			
	a) 1.9 × 10 <sup>12</sup>	b) 6.3 × 10 <sup>14</sup>	c) $6.3 \times 10^{10}$	d) $2.4 \times 10^{6}$		
7.	The covalent compound HCl	The covalent compound HCl has the polar character because:				
	a) The electronegativity	of hydrogen is greater than	n that of chlorine			
	b) The electronegativity	) The electronegativity of hydrogen is equal to than that of chlorine				
	c) The electronegativity	of chlorine is greater than	that of hydrogen			
	d) Hydrogen and	d) Hydrogen and chlorine are gases				
8.	What is the ox. no. of Mn in H	K <sub>2</sub> MnO <sub>4</sub> ?				
	a) +4	b) +6	c) +2	d) +8		
9.	Reagent not used to prepare	an alkyl halide from an alcoh	ol is:			
	a) HCl + ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	b) NaCl	c) PCl <sub>5</sub>	d) SOCl <sub>2</sub>		
10.	Aniline is purified by:					
	a) Steam distillation					
	b) Simple distillation					
	c) Vacuum distillation					
	d) Extraction wit	h a solvent				
11	. Metal ions like Ag <sup>+</sup> , Cu <sup>2</sup>	<sup>+</sup> etc. act as				
	a) Bronsted aci	ds b) Bronsted	bases c) Lewis	acids d) Lewis bases		
12.	The mean free path $(\lambda)$ of a	gas sample is given by:	,	2		
	a) $\lambda = \sqrt{2} \pi \sigma^2 N$	b) $\lambda = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \pi \sigma^2 N}$	c) $\lambda = \sqrt{2} \pi u \sigma^2 N$	d) None of these		
12	A gas reacts with Can but no	at with NaHCO The gas is:				
13.	$A = \frac{1}{2} = $	b) $Cl_2$	c) Na	ብ) ዐ~		
	uj 002	5, 01 <u>2</u>	cj 112	uj 02		
14	Aniling is use sted with Dr.	rator and the regulting area de-	at is two stad with an a sure	abution of a divers within the the		

**14.** Aniline is reacted with Br<sub>2</sub> water and the resulting product is treated with an aqueous solution of sodium nitrite in the presence of diluteHCl. The compound so formed is converted into tetrafluoroborate which is subsequently heated dry. The end product is

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a) <i>p</i> -bromofluorobenzene		b) <i>p</i> -bromoaniline		
c) 2, 4, 6- tribromofluoro benz	ene	d) 1, 3, 5- tribromo	benzene	
<b>15.</b> If a crystal lattice of a compound, ea a cube is enjoyed by tungsten (W),	ach corner of a cube is e then give its formula	of a cube is enjoyed by sodium, each edge of a cube has oxygen and centre of		
a) $Na_2WO_4$ b) N	laWO <sub>3</sub>	c) Na <sub>3</sub> WO <sub>3</sub>	d) $Na_2WO_3$	
<b>16.</b> Hydrocarbon reacts with metal by	displacing the H-atom is	:		
a) CH <sub>4</sub> b) C	$H_2H_6$	c) C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	d) C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	
<b>17.</b> Aluminium is not used				
a) In silvery paints		b) As oxidizer in m	etallurgy	
c) For making utensils		d) As a reducing ag	gent	
<b>18.</b> At high altitude the boiling of water	r occurs at low temp. be	cause :		
a) Atmospheric pressure is low	V			
b) Temperature is low				
c) Atmospheric pressure is hig	h			
d) None of the above				
<b>19.</b> The normality of 4% (wt./vol.) Nat	OH is:			
a) 0.1 b) 1	.0	c) 0.05	d) 0.01	
<ul> <li>20. Sodium is manufactured by the electrolysis of a fused mixture of sodium and calcium chlorides in a steel cell using a graphite anode and an iron cathode. Calcium is not liberated since: <ul> <li>a) It belongs to a higher group in the periodic table</li> <li>b) It combines with the liberated chlorine to form calcium chloride again</li> <li>c) Its discharge potential under these conditions is higher than that of sodium</li> <li>d) It is more readily fusible than sodium chloride</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
<b>21</b> A contain amount of $gas (D - \Gamma)$ atm	Integer Al	nswer Type	to state $P(P - 2 \text{ stm} T - 100 \text{ K} \text{ K} - 2)$	
The final volume of state $B$ in litre i	I, V = 2L, I = 500  K In s is:	state A is compressed	to state $B(P = 2 \text{ atm}, T = 100 \text{ K}, V = ?).$	
<b>22.</b> For the reaction:				
$H_2 + CI_2 \xrightarrow{\text{Sunlight}} 2HCI$				
Taking place on water. Find the ord	er of reaction			
23. mL solution containing 0.24 μCi of tritium is injected into a dog's blood stream. After a period of time to allow the isotope to be dispersed, a 1.00 mLsample of blood is drawn. The radioactivity of this sample is found to be 0.04 μCi/mL.What is the total volume of blood in the dog?				
<b>24.</b> The standard oxidation potential of electrode ( $P_{H_2} = 1atm$ ) in acid solu	f Ni/Ni <sup>2+</sup> (Ni <sup>2+</sup> = 1 $M$ ) end attion, at what pH of the s	electrode is 0.236 V. If solution will the measu	this is combined with a hydrogen ured e.m.f. be zero at 25°C?	
<ul> <li>25. CrCl<sub>3</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>loses 13.5% water on tr</li> <li>26. An ideal gas undergoes a single stage restored to the initial state by single s</li> </ul>	reatment with conc. $H_2S$ e expansion against a constage compression. What i	O <sub>4</sub> . Number of water n stant opposing pressure s the net mass lowered	nolecule lost is from $(P_1, V_1, T)$ to $(P_2, V_2 T)$ and then through height, h in the cyclic	

transformation?  $\left[\frac{\mathbf{nRT}}{\mathbf{gh}} \times \frac{(\mathbf{P}_1 - \mathbf{P}_2)^2}{\mathbf{P}_2 \mathbf{P}_1}\right]$ 

- **27.** Borazene, B<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, is isoelectronic and iso structural with benzene molecules, how many isotopic disubstituted borazene molecules, B<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>H<sub>4</sub>X<sub>2</sub>, are possible without changing the fundamental ring structure?
- 28. Visible spectrum contains light of following colours"violet-indigo-Blue-green-yellow- range-Red" (VIBGYOR). It's frequency ranges from violet  $(7.5 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz})$  to red  $(0.4 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz})$ . Find out the maximum wavelength in this range.
- 29. Find change in internal energy, when 0.5 mole of Ar having a specific heat at constant pressure of 20.814 J g<sup>-1</sup> deg<sup>-1</sup> is heated from 27°C to 31°C at constant volume. (Atomic mass of Ar = 40) (give your answer in KJ)
- **30.** You are to produce 0.4(M) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> solution. With 500ml of 0.9 (M) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> how many ml of 0.1(M) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> should be mixed in nearest possible integers in order to obtain 0.4 (M) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> solution ?

# MATHEMATICS

		Single Correct Answer Type				
1	1.	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . The only correct statement about the matrix <i>A</i> is				
		a) A is a zero matrix c) $A^{-1}$ does not exist		b) $A = (-1)I$ , where <i>I</i> is a d) $A^2 = I$	a unit matrix	
3	3.	<ul> <li>2. tan 9° - tan 27° - tan</li> <li>a) 0 b)</li> <li>The packs of 52 cards are shu</li> </ul>	n 63° + tan 81° is equal to 1 c) $-1$ d) iffled together. The number of	4 f ways in which a man can be	dealt 26 cards so that he does not	
		a) $\lim_{n \to \infty} 5^2 C_{26} \cdot 2^{26}$	t and same denomination, is b) $\lim^{104} C_{26}$	c) 2. <sup>52</sup> C <sub>26</sub>	d) None of these	
4	4.	The straight line $3x + y = 9$ a) 3:4 externally	livided the line segment joining b) 3:4 internally	ng the points (1, 3) and (2,7) i c) 4:5 internally	in the ratio d) 5:6 externally	
5	5.	Let $f(x)$ be a function such the function such that $g(0) = k$ , t	hat $f(x + y) = f(x) + f(y)$ and then $f'(x)$ is equal to	and $f(x) = \sin x g(x)$ for all $x, y$	$y \in R$ . If $g(x)$ is a continuous	
		a) <i>k</i>	b) $kx$	c) $kg(x)$	d) None of these	
e	5.	$\int \frac{a^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \text{ is equal to}$ a) $\frac{a^{\sqrt{x}}}{\log a} + C$	b) $\frac{2a^{\sqrt{x}}}{\log a} + C$	c) $2a^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \log a + C$	d) None of these	
-	7.	If the function $y = \sin^{-1}$	x, then $(1-x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ is eq	jual to		
		a) $-x \frac{dy}{dx}$	b) 0	c) $x \frac{dy}{dx}$	d) $x \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2$	
8	3.	The area between the curve $y$ a) $2\pi$	$y = x \sin x$ and x-axis where 0 b) $3\pi$	$0 \le x \le 2\pi$ , is c) $4\pi$	d) π	
	9.	If $x^y = e^{2(x-y)}$ , then $\frac{dy}{dy}$ is equal	ıl to	,		
		a) $\frac{2(1+\log x)}{(2+\log x)^2}$	b) $\frac{1 + \log x}{(2 + \log x)^2}$	c) $\frac{2}{2 + \log x}$	d) $\frac{2(1-\log x)}{(2+\log x)^2}$	
1	10.	The radical axis of the coaxial a) $x + 3y = 0$	system of circles with limitin b) $3x + y = 0$	g points (1, 2) and (-2, 1) is c) $2x + 3y = 0$	d) $3x + 2y = 0$	
1	11.	If $ab = 4(a, b \in R^+)$ , then a) $a + b \le 4$	b) $a + b = 4$	c) $a + b \ge 4$	d) None of these	
1	<b>12.</b> The function $f(x) = ax + \frac{b}{x}$ , $b, x > 0$ takes the least value at $x$ equal to				_	
		a) <i>b</i>	b) $\sqrt{a}$	c) √ <i>b</i>	d) $\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}$	
1	13.	If $\tan^{-1}(x-1) + \tan^{-1}x + \tan^{-1}x$ a) $\pm \frac{1}{2}$	$an^{-1}(x+1) = tan^{-1} 3x$ , then $x$ b) $0, \frac{1}{2}$	x is c) 0, $-\frac{1}{2}$	d) 0, $\pm \frac{1}{2}$	

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	<b>14.</b> The vertices of a triangle are (a) 2b) $\sqrt{2}$	(6, 0), (0, 6) and (6, 6). The dist c) 1	ance between its circumc d) 2·	entre and centroid is $\sqrt{2}$		
	<b>15.</b> The maximum value of $z = 4x + 2y$ su a) 20 b) 36	bjected to the constraints $2x + c$ 40	$-3y \le 18, x + y \ge 10; x, y$ d) N	$r \ge 0$ is one of these		
	<b>16.</b> Which of the following is logically equate a) $(p \land \sim q) \land (q \land \sim p)$ b) $p \lor q$	valent to $\sim (p \leftrightarrow q)$ ? $q$ c) $(p \land \gamma$	$(q \land p) \lor (q \land p)$ d) N	one of these		
:	<b>17.</b> The line passing through the points (5 point $\left(0, \frac{17}{2}, -\frac{13}{2}\right)$ . Then,	,1, <i>a</i> ) and (3, <i>b</i> , 1) crosses the y	'z-plane at the			
	a) $a = 8, b = 2$ b) $a =$	2, $b = 8$ c) $a = 4$	a, b = 6 d) <i>a</i>	= 6, <i>b</i> = 4		
	<b>18.</b> The value of $\square^{50}C_4 + \sum_{r=1}^6 \square^{56}C_3$ a) $\square^{56}C_4$ b) $\square^{56}C_3$	$\square^{56-r}C_3$ is c) $\square^{55}C_3$ d) $\square^{55}C_3$	c -4 	$a_{1}$		
-	P(B') is		cui sinuitaneousiy with p	F(A) +		
	a) 0.9 b) 0.15 <b>20.</b> If $\alpha$ and $\beta$ the roots of $x^2 - x - 1 = 0$ a	c) 1.1 d) 1.2 and $A_n = \alpha^n + \beta^n$ , then AMof A	$_{n-1}$ and $A_n$ is			
	a) $2A_{n+1}$ b) $\frac{A_{n+1}}{2}$	c) $2A_{n-2}$ d) None	e of these			
	<b>21.</b> If $f(x)$ is an odd function and $f(1) = 3$	Integer Answer Ty 3, and $f(x + 2) = f(x) + f(2)$ ,	<b>pe</b> then the value of <i>f</i> (3) is			
	<b>22.</b> Given $a, b, c$ are in A.P., $b, c, d$ are in G.F.	P, and c, d, e are in H.P. If $a = 2$	and $e = 18$ , then the sum	of all possible value of ' $c$ ' is		
	<b>23.</b> Let $\overrightarrow{OA} = \vec{a}, \overrightarrow{OB} = 10\vec{a} + 2\vec{b}$ and $\overrightarrow{OC} = \vec{b}$ , where $O, A$ and $C$ are non-collinear points. Let $p$ denote the area of quadrilateral $OACB$ , and let $q$ denote the area of parallelogram with $OA$ and $OC$ as adjacent sides. If $p = k q$ , then find $k$					
	24. Sum of values of <i>p</i> for which, the equat 25. If $L = \lim_{x \to 2} \frac{(10-x)^{1/3}-2}{x-2}$ , then the value of	fions: $x + y + z = 1$ ; $x + 2y +  1/(4L) $ is	4z = p and $x + 4y + 10z$	$= p^2$ have a solution is		
	<b>26.</b> A tangent at a point P <sub>1</sub> other than (0, 0) of so on. The abscissae of P <sub>1</sub> P <sub>2</sub> P <sub>n</sub> f	on the curve $y = x^3$ meets the cur orm a G.P. Find the ratio of $\frac{\text{area}}{\text{area}}$	ve again at P <sub>2</sub> . The tangent $\frac{\Delta P_2 P_3 P_4}{\Delta P_1 P_2 P_3}$ .	at $P_2$ meets the curve at $P_3$ and		
2	<b>27.</b> Find remainder when $7^{11} + 15^{11}$ when div	vided by 22.				
2	<b>28.</b> Family of lines $x (a + b) + y = 1$ where a the greatest integer function), such that it	and b are the roots of the equation the triangle of area A w	for $x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ and with co-ordinate axes. Find t	1 [a + b] = 1 (where [.] denotes the maximum value of 2A.		
1	<b>29.</b> If $f'(x) = \sin(\log x)$ and $y = f\left(\frac{2x+3}{3-2x}\right)$	$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)$ , then $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin\left(\log\frac{Ax+3}{3-Ax}\right) \times$	$\frac{B}{(3-2x)^2}$ . Find $B - 2A$ .			
	<b>30.</b> If $x = \prod_{n=1}^{2000} n$ , then the value of the express	ssion, $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\log_2 x} + \frac{1}{\log_3 x} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_2 x}}$	$\frac{1}{1_{2000} x}$ is			